

Australian Bureau of Statistics

6291.0.55.001 - Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery, Dec 2015

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Summary

Main Features

Data from the monthly Labour Force Survey are released in two stages. The Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) and Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003) are part of the second release, and include detailed data not contained in the Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) product set, which is released one week earlier.

The Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) is released monthly. Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003) includes data only collected in February, May, August and November (including industry and occupation).

Since these products are based on the same data as the Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) publication, the 6202.0 Labour Force, Australia Explanatory Notes are relevant to both releases.

What's New in the Labour Force

WHAT'S NEW IN THE LABOUR FORCE

UPDATE TO LABOUR FORCE SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

As mentioned in the October 2015 issue of *Labour Force, Australia*, commencing from the December 2015 Labour Force Survey a minor wording change was made to one question relating to the job search activity undertaken by the respondent during the reference week. This change was necessary as the question previously referred to a superseded Australian Government program, Job Services Australia, which was replaced by the jobactive program from July 2015.

The question wording was updated from:

"At any time in the last 4 weeks [have you/has name] checked or registered with a Job Services Australia provider or any other employment agency?" to

"At any time in the last 4 weeks [have you/has name] checked or registered with an employment agency?".

As the name of employment programs may change in the future, the question now refers to the generic "employment agency" rather than a specific program. The updated question wording is equivalent to the wording used prior to the changed questionnaire introduced in July 2014. A positive response to this question remains an active job search step for the purpose of classifying a respondent as unemployed, and continues to be asked in the same sequence relative to other job search questions.

No discernible impact on the estimate of unemployed persons or the unemployment rate for December 2015 has been identified as a result of this change. Analysis of respondents surveyed in both November and December 2015 and who responded to either the previous or current version of the question wording, or both, was undertaken. This analysis showed that there was no evidence to indicate that changes in response between months was outside historical patterns. However, the ABS will continue to monitor the impact of the revised question wording and response trends for job search questions.

REGULAR UPDATE OF SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT PROCESS IN NEXT ISSUE

Parameters used in the seasonal adjustment process to account for the following variables:

- the placement of public holidays;
- the placement of school holidays; and
- the start date for data collection in January

will be updated in the next issue of Labour Force, Australia.

The parameters are reviewed at this time each year to ensure that the correct timing of the holidays and start date for collection are reflected in seasonally adjusted and trend data. These parameters are updated separately to the annual seasonal reanalysis because of their importance for January data, however they will also be considered as part of the broader annual seasonal reanalysis of each series scheduled to occur with the February data. The update to the parameters is not anticipated to result in significant revisions to the seasonally adjusted and trend series.

MINOR REVISION TO UNDEREMPLOYMENT DATA

A revision has been made to the number of underemployed persons which is updated quarterly in pdf tables 20 and 21, updated quarterly in spreadsheet tables 22 and 23, and updated monthly in spreadsheet tables 24 and 25 of this publication. The November 2015 estimate was revised to account for those who are usually full-time employed but worked zero hours during the reference week for economic reasons. This group was inadvertently excluded from underemployed persons for the November 2015 reference period only. The inclusion of this group has increased the level of underemployed (and therefore also underutilised) persons by approximately 11,000 in original terms, and had no discernible impact on observed rates of underemployment or underutilisation.

A number of spreadsheet tables containing information on underemployment are included in the detailed quarterly release, *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly* (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003). These spreadsheet tables (19, 23a and 23b) will have the revision to underemployed persons applied with the February issue of this release, to be published in March 2016.

CHANGE TO RELEASE TIMING OF LABOUR FORCE PRODUCTS

The Independent Technical Review (McCarthy Review) into the ABS's Labour Force Survey (LFS) conducted in 2014 presented a number of recommendations including that the ABS consider "whether or not it is necessary to delay publishing LFS data until early in the week following the current timetable on an ongoing basis or at least when changes are being made to the LFS". The ABS has consulted with stakeholders on this issue and the stakeholders almost unanimously supported the proposal to delay by one week the release of *Labour Force*, *Australia* (cat. no. 6202) and the related detailed monthly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) and detailed quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003) products.

As advised in the September 2015 issue of *Labour Force, Australia*, based on this feedback the ABS will delay the release of these products by one week from the next (January 2016) issue. The delayed release means, for example, that the January 2016 issue of *Labour Force, Australia* will be released on Thursday 18 February instead of Thursday 11 February.

The revised release dates are included in the Forthcoming Releases section of the Notes page of *Labour Force*, *Australia*.

The ABS will review the release timing after 12 months to ensure that the requirements of key clients are being met.

Article Archive

This section provides an archive of articles and analysis published in Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0), promoting the effective use of labour force statistics. Articles are sorted by publication date.

Articles on labour related topics are also available in Australian Labour Market Statistics (cat. no. 6105.0) and Australian Social Trends (cat. no. 4102.0).

Labour Force Survey Archive

Maggurag of Underemployment and Understilingtion	November 2015
Measures of Underemployment and Underutilisation	
Update on Recommendation 7 from the Independent Technical Review	November 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	November 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	October 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	September 2015
Online Collection in the Labour Force Survey	August 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	July 2015
Progress with recommendations from the Independent Technical	July 2015
Review	
Assessing Volatility in the Labour Force Series	June 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	June 2015
Update on Recommendations 10 and 11 from the Independent	June 2015
Technical Review	
What's New in the Labour Force	May 2015
Update on Recommendation 7 from the Independent Technical Review	May 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	April 2015
What's New in the Labour Force	March 2015

Annual Seasonal Reanalysis Update on Recommendations from the Independent Technical Review What's new in the Labour Force Online Collection in the Labour Force Survey Rebenchmarking Labour Force Estimates What's new in the Labour force What's new in the Labour force Independent Technical Review into the Labour Force Survey and ABS Response What's new in the Labour force	March 2015 March 2015 February 2015 February 2015 February 2015 January 2015 December 2014 November 2014
Removing the effect of Supplementary Surveys from seasonally adjusted estimates	October 2014
Changes in this and upcoming labour force issues Changes in this and upcoming labour force issues What's new in the Labour force Rebenchmarking Labour Force Estimates to the 2011 Census of	September 2014 August 2014 July 2014 June 2014 May 2014 February 2014 January 2014
Population and Housing What's new in the Labour force Understanding the Australian Labour Force using ABS statistics What's new in the Labour Force Understanding full-time/part-time status in the Labour Force Survey What's new in the Labour Force Fact sheet did you know - Underemployment What's new in the Labour Force	December 2013 December 2013 November 2013 September 2013 September 2013 June 2013 June 2013
New Labour Force Sample Design Annual Seasonal Reanalysis What's new in Labour Force Transition to online collection of the Labour Force Survey What's new in Labour Force Estimating Jobs in the Australian Labour Market	May 2013 May 2013 May 2013 April 2013 April 2013 February 2013
Forthcoming improvements to the content of the Labour Force and Labour Supplementary Surveys What's new in Labour Force	January 2013 January 2013
Understanding the Australian Labour Force using ABS statistics Rebenchmarking of Labour Force Series Upcoming changes to the Labour Force Survey Labour Household Surveys content review and the Labour Force	January 2013 November 2012 July 2012 June 2012
Survey Employment and mining in Queensland, New South Wales and Western Australia	May 2012
ABS Response to recent concerns expressed about employment estimates	April 2012
Population Benchmarks and Labour Force Survey Annual Seasonal Reanalysis Exploring Labour Force Data on joblessness Employment level estimates versus employment to population	April 2012 March 2012 February 2012 January 2012
explained Understanding the Australian Labour Force using ABS statistics Historical Revisions	November 2011 February 2011

About this Release

A range of Excel spreadsheets and SuperTABLE datacubes. The monthly spreadsheets contain broad level data covering all the major items of the Labour Force Survey in time series format, including seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The monthly datacubes contain more detailed and cross classified original data than the spreadsheets.

Explanatory Notes

Explanatory Notes

Data from the monthly Labour Force Survey are released in two stages. The Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) and Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003) are part of the second release, and include detailed data not contained in the Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) product set, which is released one week earlier.

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Since these products are based on the same data as the Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) publication, the 6202.0 Labour Force, Australia Explanatory Notes are relevant to both releases.

Quality Declaration - Summary

QUALITY DECLARATION - SUMMARY

INSTITUTIONAL ENVIRONMENT

Labour Force statistics are compiled from the Labour Force Survey which is conducted each month throughout Australia as part of the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) household survey program. For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment.

RELEVANCE

The Labour Force Survey provides monthly information about the labour market activity of Australia's resident civilian population aged 15 years and over. The Labour Force Survey is

designed to primarily provide estimates of employment and unemployment for the whole of Australia and, secondarily, for each state and territory.

TIMELINESS

The Labour Force Survey enumeration begins on the Sunday between the 5th and 11th of the month, except for the Christmas and New Year holiday period. In December enumerations starts between the 3rd and 9th (4 weeks after November enumeration begins). In January enumeration starts between the 7th and 13th (5 weeks after December enumeration begins).

Key estimates from the Labour Force Survey are published in two stages. The first, Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0), is released 32 days after the commencement of enumeration for the month, with the exception of estimates for December which are published 39 days after the commencement of enumeration.

The second stage includes detailed data that were not part of the first stage and are published in Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) and Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003). The second stage is released 7 days after the first stage.

ACCURACY

The Labour Force Survey is based on a sample of private dwellings (approximately 26,000 houses, flats etc) and non-private dwellings, such as hotels and motels. The sample covers about 0.32% of the Australian civilian population aged 15 years or over. The Labour Force Survey is designed primarily to provide estimates of key labour force statistics for the whole of Australia and, secondarily, for each state and territory.

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: non-sampling error and sampling error.

Non-sampling error arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures. Non-sampling error also arises because information cannot be obtained from all persons selected in the survey. The Labour Force Survey receives a high level of cooperation, with an average response rate for the last year being 94%.

Sampling error occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all dwellings in the survey is given by the standard error. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors.

Standard errors of key estimates and movements since the previous month are available in Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0). The standard error of other estimates and movements may be calculated by using the spreadsheet contained in Labour Force Survey Standard Errors, Data Cube (cat. no. 6298.0.55.001).

COHERENCE

The ABS has been conducting the Labour Force Survey each month since February 1978. While seeking to provide a high degree of consistency and comparability over time by minimising changes to the survey, sound survey practice requires careful and continuing maintenance and development to maintain the integrity of the data and the efficiency of the collection.

The changes which have been made to the Labour Force Survey have included changes in sampling methods, estimation methods, concepts, data item definitions, classifications, and time series analysis techniques. In introducing these changes the ABS has generally revised previous estimates to ensure consistency and coherence with current estimates. For a full list of changes made to the Labour Force Survey see Chapter 20 in Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6102.0.55.001).

INTERPRETABILITY

The key estimates from the Labour Force Survey are available as original, seasonally adjusted and trend series. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove the irregular influences which may be present and therefore month-to-month movements may not be reliable indicators of underlying behaviour. To assist in interpreting the underlying behaviour, the ABS produces the trend series by smoothing the seasonally adjusted series to reduce the impact of the irregular component. For further information, see A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring Trends (cat. no. 1349.0).

Further information on the terminology and other technical aspects associated with statistics from the Labour Force Survey can be found in the publication Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0), which contains detailed Explanatory Notes, Standard Error information and a Glossary.

ACCESSIBILITY

Please see the Related Information tab for the list of products that are available from this collection.

Time Series Spreadsheet (I-Note) - Time Series Spreadsheet

Due to the flooding in Queensland in January 2011, the relative standard errors for January 2011 will vary across regions and will be higher than normal in some regions. The RSEs for the Darling Downs-South West and Ipswich City Statistical Regions are expected to be approximately 50% higher, while the RSEs for the Brisbane City Inner Ring Statistical Region will increase by approximately 25%. The Brisbane City Outer Ring, West Moreton and Mackay-Fitzroy-Central West Statistical Regions will have RSEs approximately 10% higher. All other regions have minimal differences. However from February 2011, the data returns to normal. Refer to the article Impact of the floods on the Labour Force Survey in January 2011 for more information.

The new labour force sample was phased-in over four months from May to August 2013. See the article on page 10 of the May 2013 issue of Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) for more information. During phase in of the new sample, standard errors associated with key labour force data were expected to increase by approximately 10% at a national level, however increased standard errors and variability in the estimates may be more evident in detailed regional data during this time.

Data Cubes (I-Note) - Data Cubes

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Standard Errors

Estimates from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) are based on information collected from people in a sample of dwellings, rather than the entire population. Hence the estimates produced may differ from those that would have been produced if the entire population had been included in the survey. The most common measure of the likely difference (or 'sampling error') is the **standard error** (SE).

The ABS considers that estimates with a relative standard error of 25% or more may be subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes.

To determine if an item has a relative standard error of 25% or more, in SuperTABLE, right click in the centre of the table, select annotate cells - standard annotations, and select 'Annotate RSE cut-off values'.

To indicate those cells in spreadsheets with a relative standard error of 25% or more, annotations have been applied prior to dissemination.

In addition, the tables below have been supplied to show estimates at which the relative standard error is 25%. Estimates of the size indicated in the tables, or smaller, are considered to be subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes.

Due to the January 2011 flooding in Queensland the relative standard errors for January 2011 will be higher than normal in some regions, therefore for Queensland the estimates at which the relative standard error is 25% will be higher than they appear in the tables below. However from February, the data returns to normal.

The new labour force sample was phased-in over four months from May to August 2013. During phase in of the new sample, standard errors associated with key labour force data were expected to increase by approximately 10% at a national level, however increased standard errors and variability in the estimates may be more evident in detailed regional data during this time.

The RSEs for July 2013 (50% old sample, 50% new sample) and onwards will be subject to revisions in the future, as more information is known about the new sample after it has been introduced.

Additional information on how standard errors for LFS estimates are produced is available in Labour Force Survey Standard Errors, Data Cube (cat. no. 6298.0.55.001).

State	NSW	Vic	Qld	SA	WA	Tas	NT	ACT	Aust
Employed									
Feb-78 — Sep-82	4.5	4.5	3.5	2.5	2.5	1.5	1.8	2.0	4.5
Oct-82 — Aug-87	4.0	4.0	3.0	1.8	2.0	1.0	1.8	1.3	3.5
Sep-87 — Feb-89	4.5	4.5	3.0	2.0	2.5	1.3	1.8	1.5	4.0
Mar-89 — Aug-92	4.5	4.5	3.0	2.1	2.3	1.3	2.0	1.4	3.5
Sep-92 — Aug-97	5.3	4.6	3.5	2.4	2.9	1.3	1.3	1.0	4.0
Sep-97 — Sep-98	5.9	4.5	4.1	2.4	2.8	1.1	1.0	1.1	4.4
Oct-98 — Feb-03	5.9	3.1	3.7	2.5	2.2	1.1	1.3	0.9	5.5
Mar-03 — Oct-07	6.3	3.0	4.4	2.3	2.5	1.3	1.5	1.1	6.6
Nov-07	6.2	3.2	4.3	2.3	2.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	6.4
Dec-07	6.1	3.4	4.3	2.3	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.1	6.2
Jan-08	6.0	3.6	4.2	2.3	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.2	6.0
Feb-08	5.9	3.8	4.2	2.4	2.7	1.3	1.2	1.2	5.9
Mar-08	5.9	4.1	4.2	2.4	3.0	1.2	1.1	1.2	5.7

Apr-08 May-08 Jun-08 Jul-08 — Aug-09 Sep-09 Oct-09 Nov-09 Dec-09 — Jun-13 Jul-13 — Jan-14 Feb-14 onwards	5.8 5.7 5.5 6.9 6.5 6.1 5.8 5.5 7.7	4.4 4.7 4.9 6.1 5.8 5.5 5.2 4.9 3.8 3.9	4.4 4.3 4.3 5.3 5.0 4.7 4.5 4.3 5.5 5.6	2.5 2.5 2.5 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.5 2.7	3.1 3.3 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.3 3.8 3.8	1.3 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.4	1.0 1.0 1.2 1.1 1.0 1.0 0.3 0.3	1.3 1.3 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.7	5.6 5.4 5.3 7.4 7.0 6.5 6.2 5.8 7.8 7.9
Unemployed		0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		
Feb-78 — Sep-82 Oct-82 — Aug-87 Sep-87 — Feb-89 Mar-89 — Aug-92 Sep-92 — Aug-97 Sep-97 — Sep-98 Oct-98 — Feb-03 Mar-03 — Oct-07 Nov-07 Dec-07 Jan-08 Feb-08 Mar-08 Apr-08 Apr-08 Jul-08 — Aug-09 Sep-09 Oct-09 Nov-09 Dec-09 — Jun-13 Jul-13 — Jan-14	4.5 4.0 4.5 4.5 5.3 5.9 5.7 6.0 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.7 6.8 6.9 7.1 9.3 8.7 7.5 7.1 7.3	4.5 4.0 4.5 4.5 4.6 4.5 5.7 5.4 5.5 5.7 5.9 6.0 6.1 8.0 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.1 6.6	3.5 3.0 3.0 3.5 4.1 4.5 4.9 5.0 5.0 5.1 5.5 5.6 7.4 6.0 5.6 8.4	2.5 1.8 2.0 2.1 2.4 2.6 2.9 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.4 4.1 3.8 3.5 3.3 3.7	2.5 2.0 2.5 2.9 2.8 3.6 3.7 3.8 4.0 4.1 4.5 4.6 4.8 5.0 6.1 5.7 5.8 5.8	1.5 1.0 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.3 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.9 2.5 2.4 2.2 2.1 1.9	1.8 1.8 2.0 1.3 1.0 3.2 2.2 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.8 1.6 1.5 1.4	2.0 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.0 1.1 1.4 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.8 2.5 2.4 2.2 2.1 2.2	4.5 3.5 4.0 3.5 4.0 4.4 4.9 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.1 5.1 7.3 6.8 6.4 6.0 7.1
Feb-14 onwards	7.4	6.7	8.6	3.8	5.9	1.8	1.3	2.3	7.3
NILF Feb-78 — Sep-82 Oct-82 — Aug-87 Sep-87 — Feb-89 Mar-89 — Aug-92 Sep-92 — Aug-97 Sep-97 — Sep-98 Oct-98 — Feb-03 Mar-03 — Oct-07 Nov-07 Dec-07 Jan-08 Feb-08 Mar-08 Apr-08 May-08 Jun-08 Jul-08 — Aug-09 Sep-09 Oct-09	4.5 4.0 4.5 4.5 5.3 5.9 6.4 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.1 7.0 6.8 6.6 8.3 7.8 7.3	4.5 4.0 4.5 4.5 4.6 4.5 3.7 3.7 3.9 4.1 4.4 4.7 5.0 5.4 5.7 6.0 7.6 7.2 6.7	3.5 3.0 3.0 3.5 4.1 4.1 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.9 5.2 6.5 6.1 5.8	2.5 1.8 2.0 2.1 2.4 2.4 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.2 4.0 3.7 3.5	2.5 2.0 2.5 2.3 2.9 2.8 2.7 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.1 5.2 4.9 4.6	1.5 1.0 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	1.8 1.8 2.0 1.3 1.0 1.4 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.4 1.3	2.0 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.0 1.1 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.6 2.0 1.9	4.5 3.5 4.0 3.5 4.0 4.4 6.0 7.3 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.3 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 8.0 7.4 6.9

Nov-09	6.9	6.4	5.4	3.3	4.4	1.6	1.2	1.7	6.5
Dec-09 — Jun-13	6.6	6.0	5.2	3.2	4.1	1.5	1.1	1.6	6.2
Jul-13 — Jan-14	8.4	4.4	9.8	3.6	4.5	1.8	0.7	2.5	9.0
Feb-14 onwards	8.5	4.5	9.9	3.7	4.6	1.8	8.0	2.5	9.1

Greater Capital City Statistical Areas	Feb-78	Oct-82	Sep-87	Mar-89	Sep-92	Sep-97 - Sep-98	— Oct-98
	Sep-82	Aug-87	Feb-89	Aug-92	Aug-97		Feb-03
Greater Sydney	4.5	4.0	4.5	4.5	5.3	5.7	5.8
Rest of NSW	4.5	4.0	4.5	4.5	5.3	5.7	5.8
Greater Melbourne	4.5	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	3.3
Rest of Victoria	4.5	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.3	3.2
Greater Brisbane	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.7	3.4
Rest of Queensland	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.6	4.3	3.6
Greater Adelaide	2.5	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.7
Rest of South Australia		1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.5
Greater Perth	2.5	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.3
Rest of Western	2.5	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.8	2.2
Australia	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.2
Greater Hobart	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.9
Rest of Tasmania	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1
	Mar-03	Mar-08	Jul-08 –	-Nov-09	Jul-13 -	-Feb-14	
		_	Oct-09	_	Jan-14	onwards	3
	Feb-08	Jun-08		Jun-13			
Greater Sydney	6.5	5.7	7.1	5.7	7.6	7.7	
Rest of NSW	6.4	5.6	7.0	5.6	7.5	7.6	
Greater Melbourne	3.2	5.1	6.4	5.1	4.0	4.0	
Rest of Victoria	3.1	5.0	6.3	5.0	3.9	3.9	
Greater Brisbane	4.1	4.0	5.0	4.0	5.9	6.0	
Rest of Queensland	4.4	4.3	5.4	4.3	6.3	6.4	
Greater Adelaide	2.5	2.7	3.4	2.7	3.0	3.0	
Rest of South Australia		2.7	3.4	2.7	2.8	2.8	
Greater Perth	2.6	3.5	4.3	3.5	3.9	4.0	
Rest of Western Australia	2.5	3.3	4.1	3.3	3.7	3.8	
Greater Hobart	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.3	
Rest of Tasmania	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	
Statistical Area Level	4 Oct-98	Mar-03	Mar-08	Jul-08	Nov-09	Jul-13	Feb-14
Regions	_	_	_	_	_	_	onwards
3	Feb-03	Feb-08	Jun-08	Oct-09	Jun-13	Jan-14	
Central Coast	7.4	8.5	7.2	9.4	7.2	10.2	10.4
Sydney - Baulkham Hill		8.3	7.0	9.2	7.0	10.0	10.2
and Hawkesbury							
Sydney - Blacktown	7.3	8.3	7.1	9.3	7.1	10.0	10.2
Sydney - City and Inner South	8.5	9.7	8.3	10.8	8.3	11.7	11.9
Sydney - Eastern	9.6	11.0	9.3	12.2	9.3	13.1	13.4
Suburbs	7.0	0.4	7.4	0.0	7.4	10.6	10.0
Sydney - Inner South West	7.3	8.4	7.1	9.3	7.1	10.1	10.3
Sydney - Inner West	7.7	8.8	7.5	9.8	7.5	10.6	10.8
Sydney - North Sydney	7.6	8.6	7.3	9.6	7.3	10.4	10.6
and Hornsby							

Sydney - Northern	7.8	8.9	7.6	9.9	7.6	10.7	10.9
Beaches							
Sydney - Outer South West	7.3	8.4	7.1	9.3	7.1	10.1	10.3
Sydney - Outer West and Blue Mountains	7.3	8.3	7.1	9.3	7.1	10.0	10.2
Sydney - Parramatta	7.8	8.9	7.6	10.0	7.6	10.8	11.0
Sydney - Ryde	7.7	8.8	7.5	9.8	7.5	10.6	10.8
Sydney - South West	7. <i>7</i> 7.5	8.6	7.3 7.3	9.6	7.3	10.4	10.6
-							
Sydney - Sutherland	7.4	8.4	7.2	9.4	7.2	10.1	10.3
Capital Region	7.2	8.2	7.0	9.2	7.0	9.9	10.1
Central West	7.6	8.7	7.4	9.7	7.4	10.5	10.7
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	7.6	8.7	7.4	9.7	7.4	10.5	10.7
Far West and Orana	7.4	8.4	7.2	9.4	7.2	10.1	10.3
Hunter Valley exc	7.1	8.1	6.9	9.0	6.9	9.8	10.0
Newcastle							
Illawarra	7.6	8.7	7.4	9.7	7.4	10.5	10.7
Mid North Coast	7.5	8.6	7.3	9.6	7.3	10.3	10.6
Murray	7.6	8.6	7.4	9.6	7.4	10.4	10.6
New Éngland and North	7.6	8.7	7.4	9.7	7.4	10.5	10.7
West							
Newcastle and Lake	7.1	8.1	6.9	9.0	6.9	9.8	9.9
Macquarie	• • •	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Richmond - Tweed	7.6	8.7	7.4	9.7	7.4	10.5	10.7
Riverina	7.6	8.6	7.4	9.6	7.4	10.4	10.6
Southern Highlands and		10.3	8.7	11.4	8.7	12.3	12.6
Shoalhaven							
Melbourne - Inner	4.1	3.9	7.2	9.4	7.2	5.2	5.3
Melbourne - Inner East		3.4	6.2	8.2	6.2	4.5	4.6
Melbourne - Inner South		3.5	6.4	8.4	6.4	4.7	4.8
Melbourne - North East		3.6	6.6	8.6	6.6	4.8	4.9
Melbourne - North West	3.7	3.6	6.5	8.6	6.5	4.7	4.8
Melbourne - Outer East	3.8	3.6	6.6	8.7	6.6	4.8	4.9
Melbourne - South East	3.6	3.4	6.3	8.3	6.3	4.6	4.7
Melbourne - West	3.5	3.4	6.1	8.1	6.1	4.4	4.5
Mornington Peninsula	3.6	3.5	6.4	8.3	6.4	4.6	4.7
Ballarat	4.0	3.8	6.9	9.1	6.9	5.0	5.1
Bendigo	3.8	3.7	6.7	8.8	6.7	4.9	5.0
Geelong	3.7	3.5	6.5	8.5	6.5	4.7	4.8
Hume	4.3	4.1	7.4	9.7	7.4	5.4	5.5
Latrobe - Gippsland	4.1	3.9	7.2	9.4	7.2	5.2	5.3
North West	3.9	3.7	6.8	8.9	6.8	4.9	5.0
Shepparton	4.3	4.1	7.4	9.7	7.4	5.4	5.5
Warrnambool and South		3.5	6.5	8.5	6.5	4.7	4.8
West	1 3.7	5.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	4.1	4.0
	11	г 1	Г 1	C 7	Г 1	0.1	0.0
Brisbane - East	4.1	5.1	5.1	6.7	5.1	8.1	8.2
Brisbane - North	4.1	5.2	5.1	6.7	5.1	8.1	8.3
Brisbane - South	4.2	5.2	5.2	6.8	5.2	8.2	8.4
Brisbane - West	4.1	5.2	5.1	6.7	5.1	8.2	8.3
Brisbane Inner City	4.2	5.3	5.3	6.9	5.3	8.4	8.6
Ipswich _	4.0	5.0	5.0	6.5	5.0	7.9	8.1
Logan - Beaudesert	4.3	5.4	5.3	7.0	5.3	8.4	8.6
Moreton Bay - North	3.9	4.9	4.8	6.4	4.8	7.7	7.9
Moreton Bay - South	3.9	4.9	4.8	6.3	4.8	7.7	7.9

Cairns Darling Downs -	4.9 4.6	6.2 5.8	6.1 5.7	8.0 7.5	6.1 5.7	9.7 9.1	9.9 9.3
Maranoa		0.0	011		0	0.2	0.0
Fitzroy	4.2	5.3	5.2	6.9	5.2	8.3	8.5
Gold Coast	4.3	5.5	5.4	7.1	5.4	8.6	8.7
Mackay	4.2	5.3	5.2	6.9	5.2	8.3	8.5
Queensland - Outback	4.7	5.9	5.8	7.6	5.8	9.2	9.4
Sunshine Coast	4.3	5.4	5.3	7.0	5.3	8.5	8.7
Toowoomba	4.6	5.8	5.7	7.5	5.7	9.0	9.2
Townsville	4.7	5.9	5.8	7.6	5.8	9.2	9.4
Wide Bay	4.6	5.8	5.7	7.5	5.7	9.0	9.2
Adelaide - Central and Hills	3.3	3.1	3.3	4.3	3.3	3.7	3.8
Adelaide - North	3.3	3.0	3.3	4.3	3.3	3.7	3.8
Adelaide - South	3.4	3.1	3.4	4.4	3.4	3.8	3.9
Adelaide - West	3.7	3.4	3.7	4.8	3.7	4.1	4.2
Barossa - Yorke - Mid North	3.5	3.2	3.5	4.5	3.5	3.9	4.0
South Australia -	3.7	3.4	3.7	4.8	3.7	4.1	4.2
Outback							
South Australia - South East	3.1	2.8	3.1	4.0	3.1	3.5	3.5
Mandurah	2.4	2.8	4.0	5.2	4.0	4.6	4.7
Perth - Inner	3.1	3.5	4.9	6.5	4.9	5.8	5.9
Perth - North East	2.9	3.3	4.6	6.1	4.6	5.4	5.5
Perth - North West	2.8	3.2	4.5	5.9	4.5	5.2	5.3
Perth - South East	2.9	3.3	4.7	6.1	4.7	5.5	5.6
Perth - South West	2.7	3.1	4.3	5.7	4.3	5.0	5.1
Bunbury	2.4	2.8	4.0	5.2	4.0	4.6	4.7
Western Australia -	2.8	3.3	4.6	6.0	4.6	5.4	5.5
Outback							
Western Australia -	2.6	3.0	4.2	5.5	4.2	4.9	5.0
Wheat Belt							
Greater Hobart	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.3
Launceston and North East	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.8
Tasmania - South East	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.4	1.9	2.2	2.2
Tasmania - West and North West	1.3	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.8
Darwin	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9
Northern Territory -	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9
Outback							

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